SGA STUDENTS DISABILITY POLICY AND PROCEDURE

1. POLICY STATEMENT

Study Group Australia Pty Limited (SGA) is committed to providing a high quality education and training service for all students. This policy and procedure also reflects SGA’s commitment to eliminating discrimination against people on the grounds of disability. SGA aims to provide students who have disabilities with the opportunity to participate fully in College life.

PURPOSE

The SGA Disability Policy and Procedure sets out the framework and processes for supporting Students with disabilities, from the pre-enrolment stage through to completion of their studies. It also sets out roles and responsibilities for key staff involved.

SCOPE

This policy and its procedure applies to all students with disabilities who are enrolled or seeking to enrol in a course of study with SGA VET, SGA University Partnership programs and SGA Licensed Partner Organisations. The scope of this policy and its procedures does not include programs under SGA HE division, that is Endeavour Learning Group (ELG), Australian College of Physical Education or Martin HE.

It should be noted that the procedures set out in this document do not replace or modify procedures or any other responsibilities which may arise under other policies or under statute or any other law.

2. BACKGROUND AND NEED

The Disability Discrimination Act 1992 (‘the Act’), aims to eliminate discrimination against people on the grounds of disability including in the area of education, and to ensure that as far as possible, those with disabilities have the same rights as the rest of the community. Its application in education includes in relation to access to enrolment and student services, and participation in learning activities on the same basis as a student without a disability.

Section 22 ‘Education’ of the Disability Discrimination Act states that it is unlawful for an educational authority to discriminate against a person on the grounds of a person’s disability by refusing to accept their application or in the terms under which they are admitted, by denying them access or limiting their access to any benefit provided by the educational institution. It also states that it is not unlawful for an education institution to refuse admission from a student with a disability if it would require facilities or services that are not required by students without disabilities and the provision of such would impose unjustifiable hardship on the provider.

3. DEFINITIONS AND ABBREVIATIONS

In the context of this policy the following applies:

Associate (of a person with a disability) – under the Disability Discrimination Act 1992, defined to include ‘(a) a spouse of the person; and (b) another person who is living with the person on a genuine domestic

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basis; and (c) a relative of the person; and (d) a carer of the person; and (e) another person who is in a business, sporting or recreational relationship with the person.  

Disability - defined under Section 4 of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992 as:

‘(a) total or partial loss of the person’s bodily or mental functions; or
(b) total or partial loss of a part of the body; or
(c) the presence in the body of organisms causing disease or illness; or
(d) the presence in the body of organisms capable of causing disease or illness; or
(e) the malfunction, malformation or disfigurement of a part of the person’s body; or
(f) a disorder or malfunction that results in the person learning differently from a person without the disorder or malfunction; or
(g) a disorder, illness or disease that affects a person’s thought processes, perception of reality, emotions or judgment or that results in disturbed behaviour;

and includes a disability that:

(h) presently exists; or
(i) previously existed but no longer exists; or
(j) may exist in the future (including because of a genetic predisposition to that disability); or
(k) is imputed to a person.

To avoid doubt, a disability that is otherwise covered by this definition includes behaviour that is a symptom or manifestation of the disability.’

Discrimination – is taken to have the same meaning as described under Sections 5 & 6 of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992:

‘Direct disability discrimination

(1) For the purposes of this Act, a person (the discriminator) discriminates against another person (the aggrieved person) on the ground of a disability of the aggrieved person if, because of the disability, the discriminator treats, or proposes to treat, the aggrieved person less favourably than the discriminator would treat a person without the disability in circumstances that are not materially different.

(2) For the purposes of this Act, a person (the discriminator) also discriminates against another person (the aggrieved person) on the ground of a disability of the aggrieved person if:

(a) the discriminator does not make, or proposes not to make, reasonable adjustments for the person; and

(b) the failure to make the reasonable adjustments has, or would have, the effect that the aggrieved person is, because of the disability, treated less favourably than a person without the disability would be treated in circumstances that are not materially different.

(3) For the purposes of this section, circumstances are not materially different because of the fact that, because of the disability, the aggrieved person requires adjustments.

‘Indirect disability discrimination

(1) For the purposes of this Act, a person (the discriminator) discriminates against another person (the aggrieved person) on the ground of a disability of the aggrieved person if:

(a) the discriminator requires, or proposes to require, the aggrieved person to comply with a requirement or condition; and

(b) because of the disability, the aggrieved person does not or would not comply, or is not able or would not be able to comply, with the requirement or condition; and
(c) the requirement or condition has, or is likely to have, the effect of disadvantaging persons with the disability.

(2) For the purposes of this Act, a person (the discriminator) also discriminates against another person (the aggrieved person) on the ground of a disability of the aggrieved person if:
   (a) the discriminator requires, or proposes to require, the aggrieved person to comply with a requirement or condition; and
   (b) because of the disability, the aggrieved person would comply, or would be able to comply, with the requirement or condition only if the discriminator made reasonable adjustments for the person, but the discriminator does not do so or proposes not to do so; and
   (c) the failure to make reasonable adjustments has, or is likely to have, the effect of disadvantaging persons with the disability.

(3) Subsection (1) or (2) does not apply if the requirement or condition is reasonable, having regard to the circumstances of the case.

(4) For the purposes of subsection (3), the burden of proving that the requirement or condition is reasonable, having regard to the circumstances of the case, lies on the person who requires, or proposes to require, the person with the disability to comply with the requirement or condition.

Harassment - ‘in relation to a person with a disability, includes an action taken in relation to the person’s disability that is reasonably likely, in all the circumstances, to humiliate, offend, intimidate or distress the person; and in relation to a person who has an associate with a disability, includes an action taken in relation to the associate’s disability that is reasonably likely, in all the circumstances, to humiliate, offend, intimidate or distress the person or the associate.”

HE- Higher Education

Licensed Partner Organisations – any organisation that provides services on behalf of Study Group Australia Pty Limited, including training, assessment, related educational and support services, and/or any activities related to the recruitment of prospective domestic Students. As the Registered Training Organisation, Study Group Australia Pty Limited (SGA) is responsible for ensuring all such services provided are in accordance with statutory obligations.

LLN - language, literacy and numeracy

Reasonable Adjustment: administrative, environmental or procedural alterations in the learning situation which remove barriers for people with disabilities so that they can perform the inherent requirements of the course of study. It can include adjustments to the mode of delivery of lectures or written material or the assessment process and timeframe. An adjustment is reasonable if it takes into account the requirements of the person and balances the interests of all parties affected. Consideration needs to be given to:

- the effect of the adjustment on the person’s ability to successfully achieve the inherent learning outcomes of the unit or course;
- the costs and benefits of making the adjustment; and
- the interests of all parties affected, including those of the student with the disability, the College, staff and other students or colleagues.

SEA - Student Enrolment Advisor

SPA – Student Progress Advisor

Student - refers to a person enrolled or seeking to enrol in any course or unit of study at SGA or at a partner organisation licensed to delivery SGA courses on behalf of SGA. A student or a potential student can be a domestic or overseas student.

Unjustifiable Hardship – defined under the Disability Discrimination Act 1992, Section 11 as follows:

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11. For the purposes of this Act, in determining what constitutes unjustifiable hardship, all relevant circumstances of the particular case are to be taken into account including:
(a) the nature of the benefit or detriment likely to accrue or be suffered by any persons concerned; and
(b) the effect of the disability of a person concerned; and
(c) the financial circumstances and the estimated amount of expenditure required to be made by the person claiming unjustifiable hardship; and
(d) in the case of the provision of services, or the making available of facilities - an action plan given to the Commission under section 64*.

VET - Vocational Education & Training

4. POLICY PROVISIONS

4.1 General Principles

SGA has an overall strategy for supporting students with disabilities across all its colleges.

SGA is committed to ensuring it is compliant with the requirements of the law, including those in relation to disability support within its colleges.

Bullying, harassment and discrimination, including in relation to disabilities, are not tolerated within SGA Colleges. Staff training in bullying, harassment and discrimination is provided by SGA.

All SGA Colleges engage with the SGA Disability Policy and Procedure, including integrating relevant aspects within College Teaching and Learning Plans.

Enrolment processes will include opportunities for students to disclose disabilities and request reasonable adjustment of learning and assessment. Students with disabilities are informed pre-enrolment of the support able to be offered by the colleges.

Reasonable Adjustment Plans are created for students with disabilities where requested. Plans are monitored regularly.

In development of new courses and on renewal of existing courses, curricula is analysed with respect to inclusiveness.

SGA provides staff with required training in relation to this policy and procedure, including training in relevant legislation.

SGA recognises that it may not have the expertise and internal knowledge and expertise to identify the support needed for particular defined disabilities. SGA utilises external expertise in relation to disabilities when required.

SGA Colleges monitor compliance with the SGA Policy and Procedures.

5.0 PROCEDURES

5.1 Overall framework

The Disability Support Strategy is divided into eight parts:

- Part 1 Enrolment Process
- Part 2 Implementation & Monitoring of Reasonable Adjustment Plan
- Part 3 Curriculum Design and Delivery
- Part 4 Student Support Services
- Part 5 Victimisation and Harassment Prevention Strategies & Processes
5.2 Part 1: Enrolment Process

Students with disabilities are informed about support options prior to enrolment, in order to inform their decision-making. The following processes are followed:

5.2.1 Student enrolment form completion

a. An enrolment form (on-line or hard copy) is completed by the Student on their own or alternatively, enrolment is completed with the assistance of Student Enrolment Advisor (SEA) who conducts an interview with the potential student by phone and completes the online form for them. This provides an alternative for students with particular disabilities who may need assistance with enrolment.

b. Information about support for disability that may be provided by the SGA College is inserted as part of the online enrolment form via a link to the website.

c. Where Student Enrolment Advisors (SEAs) or Agents are assisting potential students to complete the enrolment process, the disability support information may be read out as a script also.

d. The enrolment application form includes a section relating to disclosure of disabilities with an option to request reasonable adjustment to academic studies, via a tick box. A pop-up explanation of ‘reasonable adjustment’ forms part of the online application form. The enrolment application form also specifies that applicants requesting reasonable adjustment to their academic studies will be required to submit supporting evidence in the form of a Disability, Health Condition and/or Educational Professional Report completed by a medical practitioner, or other relevant professional, and that their enrolment cannot proceed until this report is received and considered by the College. A link to this form is provided so that potential students can readily download this.

e. The enrolment application form also states that information relating to disclosure of a disability will be, by necessity, released to the College, however it will be treated confidentially.

f. SEAs/Agents emphasise to potential Students who wish to register a disability that this report must be completed and submitted as soon as possible and that a conditional offer cannot be made until the College has considered this information and consulted with the student and/or their Associate. The SEA also advises students that information about their disability will be disclosed to the College in order for the College to be able to make an informed decision regarding reasonable adjustment, however it will be treated as confidential information.

5.2.2 Application form is sent to the Admissions Centre for processing by a Disability/Equity Officer

A Disability Officer (who in some Colleges, may be referred to as an Equity Officer) is responsible for:

- processing of applications where a disability has been disclosed and reasonable adjustment requested;
- ensuring that the completed Disability, Health Condition and/or Educational Professional Report is received from the potential student prior to the Disability Officer contacting the College; and
- engaging with external disability support agencies for specialist advice in relation to disability, if required.

Where a disability has been disclosed and request for reasonable adjustment made, the Disability Officer contacts the College and forwards the completed Disability, Health Condition and/or Educational Professional Report. The relevant staff member within the College is the Program Coordinator who can provide the Disability/Equity Officer with detailed information about the course and its requirements. The enrolment is not accepted at this point.
5.2.3  **Communication with potential student**

Following dialogue and agreement between the College and Disability/Equity Officer, the student is contacted by the College Program Coordinator for a preliminary discussion to ascertain whether the disability affects or could affect the applicant’s ability to participate in their chosen course, including using the facilities and services of the College on the same basis as a student without disabilities.

The discussion should include what support the College is able to offer and take into account any recommendations in the *Disability, Health Condition and/or Educational Professional Report* and the following factors:

- the nature of the disability;
- the student’s perspective on how the disability affects his/her ability to participate;
- information provided by the student about his/her preferred adjustment (to learning and assessment);
- the student’s (or Associate’s) views about potential adjustment (to learning and assessment);
- the effect of the adjustment on anyone else affected; and
- the effect of the adjustment on the potential student, their ability to participate, achieve learning outcomes and operate independently.

5.2.4  **Decision made about student application**

Decisions about acceptance or non-acceptance of a potential student’s application are made expediently.

a. The Program Coordinator and Disability/Equity Officer then must decide whether an adjustment is necessary and achievable, in accordance with SGA’s policies and procedures. Advice from external disability support agencies may also be sought. Particular consideration should be given to the ability of the College to make reasonable adjustments in relation to:

- curricula;
- student participation; and
- student support services.

**A Reasonable Adjustment Checklist (Appendix 1)** may be useful in assisting Program Coordinators in their deliberations of whether reasonable adjustment is possible, and in developing *Reasonable Adjustment Plans*.

b. Where reasonable adjustments are achievable (majority of cases), the Program Coordinator:

- informs the student;
- documents the reasonable adjustments to be made, using a Reasonable Adjustment Plan template, taking into consideration items set out in the Reasonable Adjustment Checklist; and
- forwards a copy of the Reasonable Adjustment Plan to the student, and attaches a copy to the student file

c. Where the Program Coordinator, in consultation with the Disability/Equity Officer, believes it is not possible to make reasonable adjustment, for example, based on unjustifiable hardship to the College or for example in the case of an applicant who is not able to meet the learning outcomes of the course because of their specific disability (e.g. blind applicant for a beauty course), it must be on grounds that are defensible in terms of the law (the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992*). The Program Coordinator or equivalent must refer the matter to the Academic Director (or equivalent) and the Head of College.

d. The Head of College must make a decision based on consideration of a range of factors, detailed in Section 10 of the Disability Standards for Education 2005 (see Appendix 2), and in consideration of the definition of ‘unreasonable hardship’ defined under the *Disability Discrimination Act 1992*. 
e. The Head of College informs the Director of Operations, SGA of any decision to not admit a student to the College because of unjustifiable hardship or inability to meet course learning outcomes.

5.2.5 Admissions Centre confirms acceptance or non-acceptance of the student enrolment

If the student application is accepted, enrolment is processed according to usual protocols. In the case where the application is not accepted by the College, the student is advised in writing (via email) of the decision not to accept their application and the grounds upon which this decision has been made. The email includes the fact that the student has the right to Appeal and the process for appeal using the SGA Student Complaints and Appeals Policy and Procedure.

5.3 Part 2 Implementation & Monitoring of Reasonable Adjustment Plan

5.3.1 Elements of a Reasonable Adjustment Plan

A Reasonable Adjustment Plan may involve, but is not limited to, the following items listed below. This information may also be provided as part of the explanation of ‘reasonable adjustment’ provided on the College website.

- providing additional lighting;
- providing an adjustable workstation or special seating;
- modifying equipment or providing special adaptive technologies such as voice-activated computer software, special keyboard, large screen monitor or associated aids;
- providing special assistance such as an interpreter for deaf candidates and provision of paper-based materials in advance of face to face sessions;
- adapting teaching and delivery methods, without impacting on the delivery of the essential skills, knowledge and understanding required to meet the student outcomes;
- adapting the assessment methodologies, without impacting on the validity of the attainment of the relevant student outcomes. For example: allowance of extra time, varying question and response modalities (such as use of oral questioning rather than written, and audiotaped or videotaped answers instead of written answers).

A Reasonable Adjustment Checklist is provided (Appendix 1) which may assist Program Coordinators and Subject Coordinators in considering Reasonable Adjustment Plan delivery.

5.3.2 Program Coordinator Responsibilities

In addition to the responsibilities pre-enrolment (described earlier), Program Coordinators (or the equivalent) have the following responsibilities:

- following enrolment, the Program Coordinator is responsible for informing the student’s designated Student Program Advisor (SPA, or the equivalent) of the Reasonable Adjustment Plan, and the requirement that this information is kept confidential.

- Where reasonable adjustment of learning resources, delivery and/or assessment is recommended, the Program Coordinator may liaise with the Curriculum Team for assistance.

- The Program Coordinator may also liaise with external disability support agencies for additional advice in actioning the Reasonable Adjustment Plan.

- The Program Coordinator is responsible for communicating any adjustments to learning delivery and assessment that need to be made as a result of the Reasonable Adjustment Plan, to relevant Subject Coordinators. Program Coordinators should work closely with Subject Coordinators to ensure that Reasonable Adjustment Plans are implemented and if necessary, adjusted as a result of feedback from the student. The requirement for confidentiality of information in relation to disclosure of a disability should be emphasised to Subject Coordinators.
• Program Coordinators may receive advice from SPAs or teachers in relation to the experiences of a student with a registered disability at any time during the student’s course, which may require additional adjustments to be made to the initial Reasonable Adjustment Plan. It is the Program Coordinator’s responsibility to ensure that Subject Coordinators are aware of their responsibility to report any feedback from a student with a registered disability in relation to reasonable adjustments made to their learning, and to consider and effect any consequent actions eg. alterations to the student’s Reasonable Adjustment Plan.

5.3.3 Disability/Equity Officer Responsibilities
The Disability/Equity Officer is responsible for:
• providing advice to the Program Coordinator on the Reasonable Adjustment Plan; and
• providing teachers with any information necessary about reasonable adjustment in relation to the student.

5.3.4 Student Progress Advisor (or the equivalent) Responsibilities
• A Reasonable Adjustment Plan may need to be altered from that developed initially, as a result of feedback from the student. The SPA will be responsible for monitoring the learning experience of the student, in accordance with the Reasonable Adjustment Plan, throughout the lifecycle of the student. Where the student reports any difficulties to a SPA in relation to their learning experience including assessment, the SPA must report this to the Program Coordinator who will take appropriate action.

5.3.5 Subject Coordinator Responsibilities
Subject Coordinators are responsible for:
• actioning those items in a Reasonable Adjustment Plan that relate to learning delivery and assessment, considering those issues/items set out in the Reasonable Adjustment Plan Delivery Checklist;
• ensuring that students with a registered disability are informed that if they experience any difficulties in relation to their learning experience and reasonable adjustments, these may be reported to the Subject Coordinator at any point during their study; and
• reporting any complaints or dissatisfaction made by a student with a registered disability in relation to reasonable adjustments to the Program Coordinator.

5.4 Part 3 Curriculum Design and Delivery
As part of an ongoing process of curricula renewal, course curricula is analysed in terms of its inclusiveness in relation to students with disabilities.

Where a Reasonable Adjustment Plan has recommended changes to assessment, Program Coordinators may contact the Curriculum Team for advice and development of bespoke assessments that allow for reasonable adjustments.

The Reasonable Adjustment Plan Delivery Checklist (Appendix 1) sets out considerations for changes to curricula.

5.5 Part 4 Student Support Services
5.5.1 Colleges ensure that:
• students with disabilities are able to access those support services used by other students on the same basis as a student without disabilities;
• students with disabilities have access to specialised support services;
• where specialised equipment is needed to support a student with a disability to participate in a course, where possible and where it would not be reasonable to expect the student to have the equipment themselves, procure the equipment; and
• staff are aware of specialised services available to assist students with disabilities and are able to assist students with disabilities to access specialised support services.

5.5.2 SGA has relationships with external disability support agencies for the purposes of providing additional support and advice for students with disabilities.

5.6 Part 5 Victimisation and Harassment Prevention Strategies & Processes
SGA has the following policy measures in place in relation to victimisation and harassment prevention strategies:
• SGA Policy: Access, Equity and Fair Treatment Policy and Procedures.
• SGA Student Complaints and Appeals Policy and Procedure.
• College Handbooks (tailored to each college) contain Staff Codes of Conduct that include clauses relating to bullying, harassment and victimisation, which specifically prohibit harassment and victimisation of students with disabilities on the basis of disability.
• Student Handbooks contain a Student Code of Conduct, which includes reference to bullying, harassment and victimisation.
• bullying and harassment online training is offered to staff.

5.7 Part 6 Staff Training
All staff must be aware of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992 and the responsibilities of education providers under this Act. All staff training should include this component.

5.7.1 Student Enrolment Advisor (SEA) and External Agents training
Student Enrolment Advisors and SGA Agents are trained in the enrolment process that includes the following elements:
• advising applicants that students with disabilities may request reasonable adjustment to their learning
• advising applicants who have disclosed a disability and requested reasonable adjustment of the process that will be followed in assessing their application
Scripts to assist SEAs and SGA Agents during the enrolment process will be developed.
SEAs and SGA agents should also be provided with compulsory training on bullying, harassment and victimisation that includes in relation to disability.

5.7.2 Disability/Equity Officer training
Disability/Equity Officers located within the Central Admissions Team are trained to process applications in which an applicant has disclosed a disability and requested reasonable adjustment. Training covers the following aspects:
• Disability Discrimination Act 1992;
• bullying, harassment and victimisation (including but not limited to in relation to disability);
• reasonable adjustment;
• ‘unjustifiable hardship’ in relation to education providers.

5.7.3 Program Coordinator (or the equivalent), Academic Directors (or the equivalent) and Head of College training
Program Coordinators (or the equivalent), Academic Directors (or the equivalent) and Heads of College undertake training in the following:
• Disability Discrimination Act 1992;
• bullying, harassment and victimisation (including but not limited to in relation to disability);
• ‘unjustifiable hardship’ in relation to education providers
• reasonable adjustment and development and implementation of Reasonable Adjustment Plans;
• how to induct students into College policies and procedures including: Student Complaints and Appeals Policy and Procedures, SGA’s Access, Equity and Fair.

5.7.4 Student Progress Advisor (or the equivalent) training
SPAs (or the equivalent) complete training in:
• Disability Discrimination Act 1992;
• bullying, harassment and victimisation including but not limited to in relation to disability;
• how to monitor Reasonable Adjustment Plans.

5.7.5 Academic Staff training
All staff, as part of staff induction and as part of ongoing professional development, undertake training in the following:
• Disability Discrimination Act 1992;
• bullying, harassment and victimisation (including but not limited to in relation to disability);
• inclusive teaching practices including assessment;
• monitoring of students with Reasonable Adjustment Plans;
• Reasonable Adjustment Plans; and
• how to induct students into College policies and procedures including: Student Non-Academic Complaints and Appeals Procedures, SGA’s Access, Equity and Fair Treatment Policy and Procedures and the Student Code of Conduct.

5.8 Part 7 External Disability Support Agency
SGA engages external disability support agencies to provide specialist advice in relation to applications from students with disabilities who request reasonable adjustment.

The external agencies may also be engaged to provide specialist services for individual students with disabilities on behalf of the College.

5.9 Part 8 Monitoring
SPAs are responsible for monitoring Student Learning Plans and liaising with the Program Coordinator in relation to any complaints or difficulties experienced by the student.

Colleges are responsible for monitoring compliance with the SGA Disability Policy and Procedure.

6. RIGHTS OF STUDENTS AND STAFF
6.1 Student Rights
Students have the right to expect that:
• they will be treated with dignity and respect;
• the College will establish an inclusive educational environment;
• they can undertake their studies free from discrimination and harassment;
• staff will invite them to discuss their requirements for reasonable adjustment and treat the request promptly and seriously;
• where required, they may be assisted by independent advocates;
• staff will be given appropriate training to become skilled in good practices for meeting the requirements of the students;
• they will be given the opportunity to develop skills which will enable them to obtain maximum benefit from available services; and
• confidential information about their disability will not be disclosed without their permission, except in exceptional circumstances (eg when safety factors are involved).

6.2 Staff Rights
Staff have a right to:
• expect that students seeking reasonable adjustments to the learning program will discuss their specific requirements with relevant College officer(s) (with assistance if required) and share responsibility in negotiating solutions.

7. ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES
7.1 Student Responsibilities
Students and where applicable prospective students with disabilities have a responsibility to provide information which assists SGA in the timely planning and implementation of appropriate services by:

• disclosing their disability on enrolment;
• making early contact with the appropriate Contact Officer within the College;
• notifying and verifying their requirements to the extent necessary to ensure an appropriate SGA College response;
• being proactive in advising the SGA College of the difficulties they encounter in accessing aspects of the life of the College and how to overcome these difficulties;
• engaging with the strategies set out in their Reasonable Adjustment Plan; and
• ensuring that specialised services provided are utilised in a fair and effective manner.

7.2 Responsibilities of Staff in General
All staff take responsibility to ensure equity for students with disabilities and discharge their duties in a non-discriminatory manner.

Staff are expected to undertake development activities in their annual development calendar, which ensure they become familiar with the general requirements of students who have disabilities. Staff have a responsibility to:
• create a climate that encourages students to approach them to discuss issues impacting on their studies that arise from their disability
• respond to the particular requirements of students who have disabilities by making reasonable adjustments within a flexible curriculum
• understand and constructively manage behaviour arising from disability which impacts upon others in the class.

7.3 Student Enrolment Advisors and Agents
SEAs and Agents are responsible for:
• assisting potential students to complete the enrolment application form;
• providing advice on what reasonable adjustment means;
• ensuring that students who wish to apply for reasonable adjustment based on disability understand that they need have a Disability, Health Condition and/or Educational Professional Report completed.
by their doctor or other relevant professional as soon as possible and that a conditional offer cannot
be made until the College has considered this information and consulted with the student and/or their
Associate; and
• advising students that information about their disability will be disclosed to the College in order for
the College to be able to make an informed decision regarding reasonable adjustment, however it will
be treated as confidential information.

7.4 Disability/Equity Officer Responsibilities
The Disability/Equity Officer is responsible for:
• processing of applications where a disability has been disclosed and reasonable adjustment
requested;
• ensuring that the completed Disability, Health Condition and/or Educational Professional Report is
received from the potential student prior to the Disability Officer contacting the College and
forwarding the report;
• engaging with external disability support agencies for specialist advice in relation to disability, if
required;
• liaising with the Program Coordinator to reach a decision on whether reasonable adjustment is
achievable;
• providing advice to the Program Coordinator on the Reasonable Adjustment Plan; and
• providing Program Coordinator and/or teachers with any information necessary about reasonable
adjustment in relation to the student.

7.5 Program Coordinator Responsibilities
Program Coordinators (or the equivalent) have the following responsibilities:

Pre-enrolment:
• providing the Disability Officer with detailed information about the course and its requirements;
• contacting the student for a preliminary discussion about their disability; and
• liaising with the Disability Officer to decide whether a reasonable adjustment to learning and/or
assessment is necessary and achievable (and seeking external advice where necessary);
• where reasonable adjustment is achievable, developing a Reasonable Adjustment Plan, informing the
student, forwarding the student a copy of the plan as well as placing a copy on the student’s file; and
• where reasonable adjustment is not achievable, notifying the Academic Director (or equivalent) and
Head of College.

Post-enrolment:
• informing the student’s designated Student Program Advisor (SPA, or the equivalent) of the
Reasonable Adjustment Plan, and the requirement that this information is kept confidential;
• liaising with the Curriculum Team for assistance where necessary where reasonable adjustment of
learning resources, delivery and/or assessment is recommended;
• liaising with external disability support agencies for additional advice on actioning the Reasonable
Adjustment Plan;
• communicating any adjustments to learning delivery and assessment that need to be made as a result
of the Reasonable Adjustment Plan, to relevant Subject Coordinators. Program Coordinators should
work closely with Subject Coordinators to ensure that Reasonable Adjustment Plans are implemented
and if necessary, adjusted as a result of feedback from the student. The requirement for
confidentiality of information in relation to disclosure of a disability should be emphasised to Subject
Coordinators;
- receiving advice from SPAs or teachers in relation to the experiences of a student with a registered disability at any time during the student’s course, which may require additional adjustments to be made to the initial Reasonable Adjustment Plan; and

- ensuring Subject Coordinators are aware of their responsibility to report any feedback from a student with a registered disability in relation to reasonable adjustments made to their learning, and to consider and effect any consequent actions eg. alterations to the student’s Reasonable Adjustment Plan.

### 7.6 Student Progress Advisor (or the equivalent) Responsibilities

The SPA (or equivalent) is responsible for:

- monitoring the learning experience of the student, in accordance with the Reasonable Adjustment Plan, throughout the lifecycle of the student; and

- reporting to the Program Coordinator where the student reports any difficulties in relation to their learning experience including assessment.

### 7.7 Subject Coordinator Responsibilities

Subject Coordinators are responsible for:

- actioning those items in a Reasonable Adjustment Plan that relate to learning delivery and assessment, considering those issues/items set out in the *Reasonable Adjustment Plan Delivery Checklist*;

- ensuring that students with a registered disability are informed that if they experience any difficulties in relation to their learning experience and reasonable adjustments, these may be reported to the Subject Coordinator at any point during their study; and

- reporting any complaints or dissatisfaction made by a student with a registered disability in relation to reasonable adjustments to the Program Coordinator.

### 7.8 Academic Directors (or Equivalent) Responsibilities

Academic Directors (or equivalent) are responsible for:

- analysing curricula in terms of its inclusiveness in relation to students with disabilities as part of curricula renewal;

- reporting on compliance with this Policy and Procedure; and

- incorporating relevant aspects of this policy and procedure as part of College Teaching and Learning Plans.

### 7.9 Heads of College Responsibilities

Heads of College are responsible for:

- on receipt of a documented recommendation from the Program Coordinator and Disability Officer that reasonable adjustment is not achievable, making a decision based on consideration of a range of factors and in consideration of the definition of ‘unreasonable hardship’ under the Act;

- informing the Director of Operations, SGA of any decision to not admit a student to the College because of unjustifiable hardship or inability to meet course learning outcomes; and

- ensuring relevant staff training under this policy and procedure is provided.

### 8. GRIEVANCES

Students who believe they have been discriminated against may take action under the Student Grievance Policy.
9. SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS

Related Websites and Documentation

- SGA Reasonable Adjustment to Assessment Policy
- SGA Access, Equity and Fair Treatment Policy and Procedures
- Provision of Support for Students with Disabilities

10. APPROVAL AND REVIEW

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<th>SGA Disability Policy and Procedure</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ELT Custodian</td>
<td>Executive Directors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Policy owner</td>
<td>Head of Quality and Governance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Version Number</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approval Authority</td>
<td>Executive Director VET; Executive Director University Partnerships</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Approval Date</td>
<td>9 Feb 2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Next Review Date</td>
<td>Feb 2021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note that these standards expired in 2015, however still provide useful guidance.
## Appendix 1 Reasonable Adjustment Delivery Checklist

This checklist is based on the information set out in the Disability Standards for Education 2005 (plus Guidance Notes).2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Requirement</th>
<th>Description of Actions Taken/Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Curriculum</strong>&lt;br&gt;Measures that the education provider may implement to enable the student to participate in the learning experiences (including the assessment and certification requirements) of the course or program, and any relevant supplementary course or program, on the same basis as a student without a disability</td>
<td>The curriculum, teaching materials, and the assessment and certification requirements for the course are appropriate to the needs of the student and accessible to him or her</td>
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<td></td>
<td>The course delivery modes and learning activities take account of intended educational outcomes and the learning capacities and needs of the student</td>
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<td></td>
<td>The course study materials are made available in a format that is appropriate for the student and, where conversion of materials into alternative accessible formats is required, the student is not disadvantaged by the time taken for conversion</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Teaching and delivery strategies for the course are adjusted to meet the learning needs of the student and address any disadvantage in the student’s learning resulting from his/her disability, including through the provision of additional support, such as bridging or enabling courses, or the development of disability-specific skills</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Assessment procedures and</td>
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<tr>
<td>Area</td>
<td>Requirement</td>
<td>Description of Actions Taken/Notes</td>
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<td>methodologies for the course or program are adapted to enable the student to demonstrate the knowledge, skills or competencies being assessed.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Course requirements are been reviewed, in the light of information provided by the student or an associate of the student, and includes activities in which the student is able to participate.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Student Participation</td>
<td>Appropriate programs necessary to enable participation by the student are negotiated, agreed and implemented</td>
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<tr>
<td>Measures that the education provider may implement to enable the student to participate in the learning experiences (including the assessment and certification requirements) of the course or program, and any relevant supplementary course or program, on the same basis as a student without a disability.</td>
<td>Where a course necessarily includes an activity in which the student cannot participate, the student is offered an activity that constitutes a reasonable substitute within the context of the overall aims of the course or program</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Any activities that are not conducted in classrooms, and associated extra-curricular activities or activities that are part of the broader educational program, are designed to include the student.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Additional support is provided to the student where necessary, to assist him or her to achieve intended learning outcomes</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Area</td>
<td>Requirement</td>
<td>Description of Actions Taken/Notes</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Support Service Access</strong></td>
<td>Measures implemented to ensure that the student is able to access support services used by students in general, on the same basis as a student without a disability, and to ensure his/her access to specialised support services</td>
<td>Staff of education providers are aware of the specialised services available for the student and are provided with information that enables them to assist the student to access the services that the student needs;</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Provision of specialised services for the student, where necessary, is facilitated, including through collaborative arrangements with specialised service providers eg. services in health, personal care and therapy; services provided by speech therapists, occupational therapists and physiotherapists</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>Any necessary specialised equipment is provided to support the student in participating in the course or program eg. adaptive technology, assistive devices</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Appropriately trained support staff, such as specialist teachers, interpreters, notetakers and teachers’ aides, are made available to students with disabilities</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
Part 10 Exceptions

10.1 Exceptions

(1) These Standards do not render it unlawful for an education provider to fail to comply with a requirement of these Standards if section 10.2, 10.3, 10.4 or 10.5 applies.

(2) If an exception is invoked, it is the responsibility of the provider to demonstrate that the exception operates.

10.2 Unjustifiable hardship

(1) This section does not apply to a requirement in Part 8 of these Standards.

(2) These Standards do not render it unlawful for an education provider to fail to comply with a requirement of these Standards if, and to the extent that, compliance would impose unjustifiable hardship on the provider.

(3) The provider must comply with the Standards to the maximum extent not involving unjustifiable hardship.

Note: Section 11 of the Act provides that, for the purposes of the Act, in determining what constitutes unjustifiable hardship, all relevant circumstances of the particular case are to be taken into account including:

(a) the nature of the benefit or detriment likely to accrue or be suffered by any persons concerned; and

(b) the effect of the disability of a person concerned; and

(c) the financial circumstances and the estimated amount of expenditure required to be made by the person claiming unjustifiable hardship; and

(d) in the case of the provision of services, or the making available of facilities — an action plan given to the Commission under section 64 of the Act.

The application of unjustifiable hardship should take account of the scope and objects of the Act and the Standards, particularly the object of removing discrimination as far as possible, and of the rights and interests of all relevant parties. In determining whether the exception of unjustifiable hardship can be relied on, all relevant circumstances of the particular case are to be taken into account.

The Standards generally require providers to make reasonable adjustments where necessary. In determining whether an adjustment is reasonable the factors in subsection 3.4 (2) are considered, including any effect of the adjustment on anyone else affected, including the education provider, staff and other students, and the costs and benefits of making the adjustment. There will be possible adjustments which are not reasonable. There is no requirement on providers to make unreasonable adjustments. The concept of unreasonable adjustment is different to the concept of unjustifiable hardship on the provider in section 10.2. Where the obligation to make a reasonable adjustment none-the-less imposes unjustifiable hardship on the provider, section 10.2 will operate. The concepts of reasonable adjustment and unjustifiable hardship seek to provide a balance between the interests of providers and others, and the interests of students with disabilities.

10.3 Acts done under statutory authority

These Standards do not render unlawful anything done in the circumstances described in section 47 of the Act.
10.4 Protection of public health

These Standards do not render it unlawful for an education provider to isolate, or discriminate against, a student with a disability if the disability is an infectious disease or other condition and it is reasonably necessary to so isolate or discriminate to protect the health and welfare of the student with a disability or the health and welfare of others.

10.5 Special measures

(1) These Standards do not render it unlawful for an education provider to provide special measures (including specialised units or institutions) intended specifically for the benefit of students with disabilities.

(2) In this section:

special measure means an act mentioned in section 45 of the Act.

Note Special measures are intended specifically for the benefit of students with disabilities, and can take the form of programs or initiatives that afford students with disabilities, or with a particular disability, benefits, grants, programs, goods, or access to facilities, services or opportunities to meet their special needs in relation to education and training. However, providing specialised support services will not necessarily be sufficient to eliminate discrimination.